

Aimee Nassif AICP Deputy Director of Development

COMMUNITY & ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE





Fuel Our Future Plan Elements

To continue to ignite "a vibrant community ensuring the finest quality of life for all generations" over the next 20 years, the Lee's Summit community created plans around seven essential elements of a successful community.



Quality of Life

Health | Safety | Arts / Culture / Preservation | Education | Parks & Rec



Strong Neighborhoods & Housing Choice

Housing



Resilient Economy

Economic Development



Multimodal Transportation

Streets | Transit | Sidewalks & Trails



Facilities & Infrastructure

City Services



Sustainable Environment

Environment



Land Use & Community Design

Land Use / Urban Design | Downtown | Community Appearance



Goal: Maintain thriving, quality neighborhoods that connect a diversity of residents throughout the community

Goal: Create and maintain a variety of housing options, styles, and price ranges.





UDO Article Updates:

Article 4 Zoning Districts

Article 6 Use Standards (Sections 6.020,

6.030, 6.040)

Article 7 Subdivisions

Article 15 Definitions

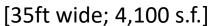




Narrow & Small Lots - Missing Middle









[40ft wide; 4,000 s.f.]



[35ft wide; 4,100 s.f.]



Art. 6, Div. I Permitted, conditional and special use table.

| | | | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|----------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|----|------|
| | AG | RDR | RLL | R- | RP- | RP- | RP- | RP- | PRO | NFO | TNZ | РО | CP- | CP- | CBD | CS | PI | AZ | PMIX |
| PRINCIPAL USES | | | | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | | | 1 | 2 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Agriculture | Ι_ | Ι_ | Ι | _ | | Г | | Ι | I | I | Г | Ι | | | Т | Г | | | |
| Agriculture Operation | С | С | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Horse Riding Stable, | С | С | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | * |
| Track or Polo Field | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (Commercial) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Plant nursery, garden | С | С | | | | | | | | | | | S | S | | S | | | * |
| center, greenhouse | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (Commercial) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Residential | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dwelling, Single- | Р | Р | Р | Р | Р | Р | Р | <u>P</u> | Р | Р | Р | | | | | | | | * |
| Family Detached | | | | | | | \ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dwelling, Single- | | | | | | Р | Р | Р | Р | Р | Р | | | | Р | | | | * |
| Family Attached | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (Townhouse) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dwelling, Two-Family | | | | | | Р | Р | Р | | | | | | | Р | | | | * |
| ("Duplex") | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dwelling, Three- | | | | | | | Р | Р | | | | | | | Р | | | | * |
| Family ("Triplex") | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dwelling, Four-Family | | | | | | | Р | P | | | | | | | Р | | | | * |
| ("Fourplex") | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dwelling, Multi-Family | | | | | | | | Р | | | | | | | Р | | | | * |
| (Apartment) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dwelling, Loft | | | | | | | | | Р | Р | Р | Р | Р | Р | Р | | | | * |
| Dwelling, Zero-Lot | | | | | Р | Р | Р | <u>P</u> | Р | Р | Р | | | | Р | | | | * |
| Line Development | | | | | | | \ | | Y | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |



Residential Districts – Single Family Lot Size and Widths.

While single-family dwellings are not currently allowed in RP-4; the 3,500 s.f. lot size and 12 d.u./acre currently exists

| Zoning District | Min. Lot Width | Min. Lot Size | Max. Density |
|-----------------|----------------|------------------|---------------|
| AG | 330 ft | 10 acres | 2 d.u./acre |
| RDR | 150 ft | 1 acre | 1 d.u./acre |
| RLL | 90 ft | 0.5 acre | N/A |
| R-1 | 70 ft | 8,400 s.f. | 4 d.u./acre |
| RP-1 | 60 ft | 6,600 s.f. | 4 d.u./acre |
| RP-2 | 60 ft | 6,000 s.f. | 7.5 d.u./acre |
| RP-3 | 50 ft | 4000 s.f. | 10 d.u./acre |
| RP-4 | 35 ft | 3,500 s.f. | 12 d.u./acre |
| PRO | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| NFO | N/A | 60% Lot Coverage | N/A |
| TNZ | N/A | 60% Lot Coverage | N/A |



Small Lot District Comparisons

| | Zoning District | Minimum Width | Minimum Lot Area |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|------------------|
| Lee's Summit, MO current | RP-3 | 50 ft. | 4,000 s.f. |
| Blue Springs, MO | Blue Springs, MO SF District-C | | 3,000 s.f. |
| Olathe, KS | DS2 | 40-Per PDP | 3,000 - PDP |
| Overland Park, KS | RP-1N | 50 ft. | 4,250 s.f. |
| Lee's Summit, MO Proposed | RP-4 | 35 ft. | 3,500 s.f. |



Article 7 – Subdivisions, Minimum Design Standards

DIVISION III. MINIMUM DESIGN STANDARDS

Sec. 7.250. Lots.

- A. The minimum lot requirements shall be governed by this chapter.
- B. Side lines of lots shall be approximately at right angles to street lines or radial to curved street lines.
- C. Single-tier lots shall not have access to both front and rear streets. Single-tier lots should be avoided when possible.
- D. <u>Unless otherwise approved during rezoning or preliminary development plan review, e</u>Each lot in a subdivision shall have a minimum of 50 feet of frontage on a public or private street, except that lots on a cul-de-sac or eyebrow shall have a minimum chord of 37.64 feet and a minimum arc distance of 38.59 feet at the front property line. The cul-de-sac or eyebrow minimums are based on a 50-foot radius and a 65-foot width at the 30-foot building line.



Let's Talk About SF Density

For Single Family Lots

| | Max. Density Allowed |
|-------------------|-------------------------|
| Lee's Summit, MO | 12 du/ac |
| Blue Springs, MO | 14.5 du/ac |
| Olathe, KS | 15 du/ac |
| Overland Park, KS | 12.4 du/ac |

From our research, we recommend the 12 du/acre for single family in the RP-4 District.



Article 6 - Use Standards (Existing)

Table 6-2 Minimum Lot Sizes

| Zoning District | Density* | Minimum Lot Size (per unit) | Minimum Lot Width Major Streets** | Minimum Lot Width Other Streets |
|--------------------|--|---|--|---|
| AG | 2 units/10 acres (under the same ownership) | 10 acres minimum for either 1 or 2 DU's | 330 feet | 330 feet |
| RDR | 1 unit/acre | 1 acre | 150 feet | 150 feet |
| RLL | NA | .5 acre | NA | 90 feet |
| R-1 | 4 units/acre | 8,400 s.f. | NA | 70 feet |
| RP-1 | 4 units/acre 6/acre w/bonuses | 6,600 <u>s.f.</u> | NA | 60 feet (s.f.) - Clusters may vary (determined at preliminary plan approval) |
| RP-2 | 7.5 units/acre | 6,000 s.f. (Single- Family) 4,500 s.f. (Duplex) | NA | 60 feet (Single-Family); Clusters may vary (determined at preliminary plan approval) 80 feet (Duplex) |
| RP-3 | 10 units/acre | 4,000 s.f. | NA | 50 feet (s.f.) — Clusters may vary (determined at preliminary plan approval) 35 feet per unit for Duplex, Triplex or Quadplex |
| RP-4 | 12 units/acre | 3,500 <u>s.f.</u> | Per Approved Plan | Per Approved Plan |





<u>Table 6-2</u> Minimum Lot Sizes

| Zoning District | Density | Minimum Lot Size (per unit) | Minimum Lot Width Major Streets** | Minimum Lot Width Other Streets |
|--------------------|--|--|--|---|
| AG | 2 units/10 acres (under the same ownership) | 10 acres minimum for either 1 or 2 DU's | 330 feet | 330 feet |
| RDR | 1 unit/acre | 1 acre | 150 feet | 150 feet |
| RLL | NA | .5 acre | NA | 90 feet |
| R-1 | 4 units/acre | 8,400 s.f. | NA | 70 feet |
| RP-1* | 4 units/acre 6/acre w/bonuses | 6,600 <u>s.f.</u> | NA | 60 feet (Single-Family) (s.f.)— Clusters may vary (determined at preliminary plan approval) |

^{*}The cluster development option in the RP-1, RP-2, and RP-3 may vary the lot size and lot width requirements. See Article 4





<u>Table 6-2</u> <u>Minimum Lot Sizes</u>

| Zoning District | Density | Minimum Lot Size (per unit) | Minimum Lot Width Major Streets** | Minimum Lot Width Other Streets |
|--------------------|---|---|--|--|
| AG | 2 units/10 acres (under the same ownership) | 10 acres minimum for either 1 or 2 DU's | 330 feet | 330 feet |
| RDR | 1 unit/acre | 1 acre | 150 feet | 150 feet |
| RLL | NA | .5 acre | NA | 90 feet |
| R-1 | 4 units/acre | 8,400 s.f. | NA | 70 feet |
| RP-1 <u>*</u> | 4 units/acre 6/acre w/bonuses | 6,600 <u>s.f.</u> | NA | 60 feet (Single-Family) (s.f.) Clusters may vary (determined at preliminary plan approval) |
| RP-2 <u>*</u> | 7.5 units/acre | 6,000 s.f. (Single- Family) 4,500 s.f. (Duplex) | NA | 60 feet (Single-Family); Clusters may vary (determined at preliminary plan approval) 80 feet (Duplex) |
| RP-3 <u>*</u> | 10 units/acre | 4,000 <u>s.f.</u> | NA | 50 feet (Single-Family) (s.f.) — Clusters may vary (determined at preliminary plan approval) 35 feet per unit for Duplex, Triplex or Quadplex Fourplex |

^{*}The cluster development option in the RP-1, RP-2, and RP-3 may vary the lot size and lot width requirements. See Article 4



<u>Table 6-2</u> Minimum Lot Sizes

Sec. 6.030. Minimum lot size.

| Zoning District | Density | Minimum Lot Size (per unit) | Minimum Lot Width Major Streets** | Minimum Lot Width Other Streets |
|--------------------|---|--|--|--|
| RP-4 | 12 units/acre for all; except 25 units/acre for Multi- Family | 3,500 s.f. for all; except Multi-family requires 30% open space in lieu of min. lot size | Per Approved Plan_NA | Per Approved Plan35 feet for Single-Family. All other residential types determined at preliminary plan approval |

Will discuss minimum lot size/open space requirement first.





Multi-Family Open Space Requirement

Recommend a minimum open space requirement in lieu of minimum lot size.

- ✓ More appropriate for high density residential buildings.
- ✓ Better understanding of expectations for developers.
- ✓ Meets the intent of a lot size requirement which is for land use controls.





Multi-Family Open Space Requirement

Planned Residential Districts require minimum 10% open space.

| Minimum Open Space Required* | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----|--|--|--|
| Blue Springs | 15% | | | |
| КСМО | 30% | | | |
| Olathe | 30% | | | |
| Overland Park | 15% | | | |

^{*}does not include tree preservation requirement







Multi-Family Open Space Requirement

Planned Residential Districts require minimum 10% open space.

12 Multi-Family Projects

% of Open Space provided: 24% - 59% Average % of Open Space achieved: 42%

Staff is recommending 30% open space required for Multi-Family development in R-4.







<u>Table 6-2</u> <u>Minimum Lot Sizes</u>

| Zoning District | Density | Minimum Lot Size (per unit) | Minimum Lot Width Major Streets** | Minimum Lot Width Other Streets |
|--------------------|---|--|--|--|
| AG | 2 units/10 acres (under the same ownership) | 10 acres minimum for either 1 or 2 DU's | 330 feet | 330 feet |
| RDR | 1 unit/acre | 1 acre | 150 feet | 150 feet |
| RLL | NA | .5 acre | NA | 90 feet |
| R-1 | 4 units/acre | 8,400 <u>s.f.</u> | NA | 70 feet |
| RP-1 <u>*</u> | 4 units/acre 6/acre w/bonuses | 6,600 <u>s.f.</u> | NA | 60 feet (Single-Family) (s.f.) Clusters may vary (determined at preliminary plan approval) |
| RP-2 <u>*</u> | 7.5 units/acre | 6,000 s.f. (Single- Family) 4,500 s.f. (Duplex) | NA | 60 feet (Single-Family); Clusters may vary (determined at preliminary plan approval) 80 feet (Duplex) |
| RP-3 <u>*</u> | 10 units/acre | 4,000 s.f. | NA | 50 feet (Single-Family) (s.f.) — Clusters may vary (determined at preliminary plan approval) 35 feet per unit for Duplex, Triplex or Quadplex Fourplex |
| RP-4 | 12 units/acre 25 units/acre for Multi- Family | 3,500 s.f. for all; except Multi-family requires 30% open space in lieu of min. lot size | Per Approved Alan NA | Per Approved Plan35 feet for Single-Family. All other residential types determined at preliminary plan approval |





<u>Table 6-3</u> <u>Minimum Principal Building Setbacks</u>

Sec. 6.040. Minimum principal building setbacks.

| Zoning | Front Yard* | | Side Yard ++ | Rear Yard |
|----------|------------------|-------------------|------------------------|-----------------|
| District | Major | All Other | | |
| | Street** | Streets | | |
| AG, RDR | 100 feet or as | 50 feet or as | 50 feet | 50 feet |
| | established by | established by | | |
| | existing homes | existing homes | | |
| | on the same side | on the same side | | |
| | of street | of street | | |
| RLL | 30 feet | 30 feet | 10 feet | 30 feet |
| R-1 | NA | 30 feet | 7.5 feet | 30 feet |
| RP-1 | 50 feet | 20 feet Bldg. and | 5 feet | 20 feet; |
| | | 25 feet Garage | | 4 feet (Alley |
| | | (Front facing) | | Entry Garage) |
| | | 20 feet (side | | |
| | | entry garage) | | |
| RP-2 | 50 feet | 20 feet Bldg. and | 5 feet " | 20 feet; |
| | | 25 feet Garage | | 4 feet (Alley |
| | | (Front facing) | | Entry Garage) " |
| | | 20 feet (side | | |
| | | entry garage) " | | |
| RP-3 | 50 feet | 20 feet Bldg. and | SF and 2F- 5 feet | SF and 2F - 20 |
| | | 25 feet Garage | Multifamily <u>All</u> | feet; |
| | | | other dwelling | 4 feet (Alley |
| | | | types+10-feet | |





Sec. 6.040. Minimum principal building setbacks.

<u>Table 6-3</u> Minimum Principal Building Setbacks

| Zoning | Front Yard* | | Side Yard ++ | Rear Yard | |
|----------|-------------------|----------------------|---|-----------|--|
| District | Major Street** | All Other Streets | | | |
| RP-4 | 50 feet | 20 feet | SF and 2F – 5 feet. All other dwelling types 10-feet from lot line and 20-foot separation between buildings | 20 feet | |





Let's Talk About Density





Article 4 – Zoning Districts

Sec. 4.070. RDR Rural Density Residential.

- A. <u>Statement of intent and purpose.</u> The RDR Rural Density Residential District is established to provide rural density single-family detached residential development on one acre minimum lot sizes. The RDR density supports the Lee's Summit Comprehensive Plan by providing multiple housing types and varied lot sizes. An RDR subdivision with lot sizes of three acres or less intended to be serviced by a publicly-provided sanitary sewer system.
- B. <u>Uses.</u> Permitted principal and accessory uses, uses permitted as of right but with conditions, and special uses are contained in Table 6-1 in Article 6, Division I.
- C. <u>Height and area regulations.</u>
 - Density, lot size, and lot width: (See Table 6-2 in Article 6, Division I.)
 - Setback requirements, including minimum front yard, side yard and rear yard standards: (See Table 6-3 in Article 6, Division I.)
 - Height requirements: (See Table 6-4 in Article 6, Division I.)
 - 4. Exception to the maximum height requirements is contained in Section 4.3510.
 - 5. One residential unit per acre is allowed in the RDR District.



Multi-Family Density





Multi Family Density Requirements

| Community | Max. Density Allowed |
|-------------------|----------------------|
| Lee's Summit, MO | 12 du/ac |
| Blue Springs, MO | 18 du/ac |
| Olathe, KS | 29 du/ac |
| Overland Park, KS | 43.6 du/ac |

^{*}does not include MXD/PMIX districts – those are all per approved plans in each city.





Multi Family Density Requirements

Currently the UDO requires a maximum density of 12 du/acre

- ➤ Of 12 Multi-Family Projects, only 1 met the density requirement.
- ▶ Approved densities ranged from 11 35 du/acre.
- > Average approved density: 22 du/acre.





Multi Family Density Requirements

Currently the UDO requires a maximum density of 12 du/acre

- ➤ Of 12 Multi-Family Projects, only 2 met the density requirement.
- ➤ Approved densities ranged from 11 35 du/acre.
- > Average approved density: 22 du/acre.

- PMIX does not have maximum density requirement.
- ➤ Last 4 PMIX cases, the average approved density was 21 du/acre.





<u>Table 6-2</u> Minimum Lot Sizes

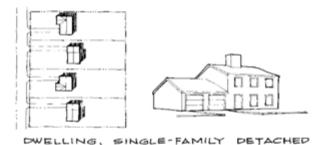
| Zoning District | Density | Minimum Lot Size | Minimum Lot Width | Minimum Lot Width |
|--------------------|---|--|----------------------------|--|
| District | | (per unit) | Major Streets** | Other Streets |
| AG | 2 units/10 acres (under the same ownership) | 10 acres minimum for either 1 or 2 DU's | 330 feet | 330 feet |
| RDR | 1 unit/acre | 1 acre | 150 feet | 150 feet |
| RLL | NA | .5 acre | NA | 90 feet |
| R-1 | 4 units/acre | 8,400 s.f. | NA | 70 feet |
| RP-1 <u>*</u> | 4 units/acre 6/acre w/bonuses | 6,600 <u>s.f.</u> | NA | 60 feet (Single-Family) (s.f.) Clusters may vary (determined at preliminary plan approval) |
| RP-2 <u>*</u> | 7.5 units/acre | 6,000 s.f. (Single- Family) 4,500 s.f. (Duplex) | NA | 60 feet (Single-Family); Clusters may vary (determined at preliminary plan approval) 80 feet (Duplex) |
| RP-3 <u>*</u> | 10 units/acre | 4,000 <u>s.f.</u> | NA | 50 feet (Single-Family) (s.f.) — Clusters may vary (determined at preliminary plan approval) 35 feet per unit for Duplex, Triplex or Quadplex Fourplex |
| RP-4 | 12 units/acre 25 units/acre for Multi- Family | 3,500 s.f. for all; except Multi-family requires 30% open space in lieu of min. lot size | Per Approved Plan NA | Per Approved Plan35 feet for Single-Family. All other residential types determined at preliminary plan approval |



Article 15 - Definitions

Sec. 15.1110. Dwelling.

<u>Dwelling</u> shall mean a room or suite of rooms within an apartment building arranged, intended or designed as a place of residence; or any building, or portion thereof, which is designed, built, leased, rented, let, or hired to be occupied, or which is occupied as the home or residence of three or more families living independently of each other and doing their own cooking in the said building; or a building or portion thereof, designed exclusively for residential occupancy, including one-family, two-family, and multiple dwellings, boarding and lodging houses, apartment houses and apartment hotels, but not hotels, motels, rooming houses, nursing homes, travel trailers, recreational vehicles, manufactured or mobile homes. The following words or terms associated with dwelling shall have the following meanings:



- A. <u>Four-family dwelling (fourplex)</u>. A dwelling situated on one lot occupied exclusively by four families, respectively, in separate dwelling units living independently of each other.
- B. <u>Garden apartment building</u>. A multi-family dwelling in which a dwelling unit may be located above another.
- Loft dwelling. A dwelling located above the first floor of a non-residential use such as a store or office.
- D. <u>Multi-family dwelling</u>. A dwelling situated on one lot occupied by <u>five</u> three or more families in separate dwelling units living independently of each other.
- Single-family attached dwelling (twin home or townhome). Single family dwellings sharing a common wall but situated on separate lots designed to be occupied exclusively by separate families.



Article 15 - Definitions

Sec. 15.1110. Dwelling.

<u>Dwelling</u> shall mean a room or suite of rooms within an apartment building arranged, intended or designed as a place of residence; or any building, or portion thereof, which is designed, built, leased, rented, let, or hired to be occupied, or which is occupied as the home or residence of three or more families living independently of each other and doing their own cooking in the said building; or a building or portion thereof, designed exclusively for residential occupancy, including one-family, two-family, and multiple dwellings, boarding and lodging houses, apartment houses and apartment hotels, but not hotels, motels, rooming houses, nursing homes, travel trailers, recreational vehicles, manufactured or mobile homes. The following words or terms associated with dwelling shall have the following meanings:

- G. <u>Three-family dwelling (triplex)</u>. A dwelling situated on one lot occupied exclusively by three families, respectively, in separate dwelling units living independently of each other.
- H. <u>Two-family dwelling (duplex)</u>. A dwelling situated on one lot occupied exclusively by two families, respectively, in separate dwelling units living independently of each other.
- Manufactured home. (See section 15.1730.)
- J. Zero-lot line development dwelling. The location of a building on a lot in such a manner that any portion of one or more of the building's walls rests directly on a side lot line. Each dwelling in a zero-lot line development shall be located on its own individually platted lot.



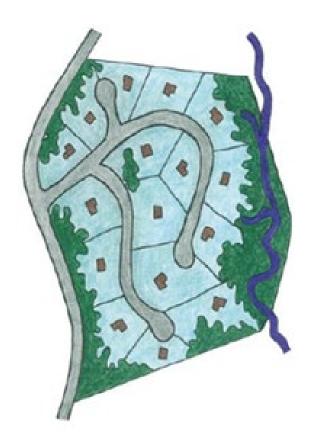


Cluster Development

Cluster Development



Traditional Development







Cluster developments focus on a balance of residential growth with preservation of open space. Developments are allowed to "cluster" homes closer together on smaller/narrow lots.

Also known as Conservation Zoning or Open Space Neighborhoods.



Cluster Development – Current Language

UDO Sec. 4.100. - RP-1 Planned Single-Family Residential District.

C. Height and area regulations.

6. The RP-1 District, provides the option for reducing required minimum lots sizes while maintaining overall densities through utilization of the "residential cluster option". The "cluster option" allows a developer to cluster residential development into a more compact area, in exchange for providing greater open space and protection of environmentally sensitive areas such as flood plains and animal habitats. With reduction of lot sizes, the "cluster option" also permits savings in road and utility costs to a developer. See Article 8, Division I, Design Standards for specific "cluster option" standards.

*Sec. 4.110. - RP-2 Planned Two-Family Residential District.



Cluster Development Research

| | Min Dev. Size | Open Space | Other | |
|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|--|--|
| KSMO | NA | 60% open space | Minimal grading. Protection of existing natural resources and mature trees. | |
| Franklin Co, MO | 5 acres | 40% open space | No development in floodplains or wetlands. Minimal grading of natural areas and topography allowed. | |
| Overland Park, KS | 1 acre | 10%/per plan | Must maximize functional open space and conserve natural resources. | |
| Olathe, KS | NA | 15% open space | Perimeter buffer required from non-residential or ROW. Inclusion of pedestrian connectivity to common areas and throughout development. 25%-30% tree preservation. | |



Cluster Development – Proposed Language

UDO Sec. 4.100. - RP-1 Planned Single-Family Residential District.

C. <u>Height and area regulations.</u>

- The RP-1 District, provides the option for reducing required minimum lots sizes while maintaining overall densities through utilization of the "residential cluster option". The "cluster option" allows a developer to cluster residential development into a more compact area, in exchange for providing greater open space and protection of environmentally sensitive areas such as flood plains and animal habitats. With reduction of lot sizes, the "cluster option" also permits savings in road and utility costs to a developer. See Article 8, Division I, Design Standards for specific "cluster option" standards. To be considered for the cluster option, the development proposal:
 - a. shall include a minimum of five (5) acres in size for the overall development; and,
- shall preserve a minimum of 30% open space. Existing natural features such as wooded area, tree groves, or streams will be included in the preserved open space area or areas. Open space areas will be distributed throughout the development area when possible; and,
- c. shall include pedestrian connectivity with the incorporation of connecting trails, sidewalks, or walking paths that connect either to a perimeter sidewalk or open space area within the development.











Aimee Nassif AICP Deputy Director of Development

COMMUNITY & ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE