

PROPOSED UDO CHANGES

ARTICLE 8

DIVISION II. - PARKING

Sec. 8.510. - Purpose and intent.

- A. The purpose of the parking and loading regulations is to ensure that all land uses have adequate off-street parking facilities and adequate facilities for vehicle movement and loading activities associated with a land or building use.
- B. The intent of these regulations is to ensure that the use of land does not negatively interfere with the use of and circulation on public rights-of-way, and that private on-site circulation does not pose a potential safety problem.
- C. The parking requirements contained in this division are minimum requirements only.

Sec. 8.520. - Applicability.

- A. The minimum standards of this division shall be applicable for any of the following:
 - 1. The construction of a new building;
 - 2. The enlargement of an existing building or the increase in capacity of an existing building, such as the addition of dwelling units, guest rooms, seats or floor area;
 - 3. The establishment of a new use or change of use;
 - 4. The expansion of an existing use;
 - 5. Where an existing building or use has insufficient parking at the time of passage of this division or any amendment thereto, said building may be enlarged or use intensified only if adequate parking is provided for the entire building and all uses on the property in accordance with the requirements of this division.
- B. Maintenance. Vehicle parking areas, including drives and drive aisles, shall be maintained in proper repair with the required surfacing and curbing. Pot holes and surface cracks shall be filled and sealed in a timely manner. (Note: Drive approach even when located in public right-of-way is the responsibility of the private property owner.)
- C. Time limit. All required vehicle parking areas shall be ready for use, including the surfacing requirement, before the issuance of a final certificate of occupancy (in the case of a new building or addition) or within 45 days after the issuance of an occupational license (in the case of a change of occupancy in an existing building). An extension of time may be granted by the Director due to adverse weather conditions. In no case shall any occupancy be permitted prior to the parking areas being striped.

Sec. 8.530. - Vehicle parking.

- A. Required spaces.
 - 1. Table 8-1 shall be utilized to determine the minimum number of parking spaces to be provided. For uses not specifically identified, the Director shall establish the parking requirements either based upon a listed use deemed most similar to the proposed use or based upon industry standards.
 - 2. The number of parking spaces to be provided for a particular use or development may be established through approval of an Alternate Parking Plan as described in this division. Use of an Alternate Parking Plan is encouraged in order to tailor the parking to the particular needs of the

use or development and to allow introduction of operational solutions such as ride-sharing programs, shared parking or remote employee parking lots.

B. Dedication to parking use.

1. Parking lots. Unless approved otherwise, parking spaces located in parking lots provided to meet the minimum requirements of this division, along with the aisles and driveways necessary to provide access to those spaces, shall not be used for any other purpose than temporary vehicle parking. Specifically, no such parking area may be used for the sale, repair, dismantling or servicing of any vehicles, or for the sale, display or storage of equipment, goods, materials or supplies, except as further provided in this chapter or as specified in Chapter 16 Lee's Summit Property Maintenance Code of the Lee's Summit Code of Ordinances.
2. Multi-family residential parking. Multi-family residential parking lots shall comply with Subsection 1. above.
3. Single-family residential parking. Enclosed garage parking and associated driveways shall be used to meet minimum parking requirements. Garages may also be used for accessory storage provided there is still room for at least one vehicle. For inoperable vehicle maintenance and repair see Section 8.650.B. of this division.

C. Computation of required parking.

1. Multiple uses. Except as approved otherwise, developments containing two or more uses shall have the total number of parking spaces required for each use.
2. Floor area. All required parking calculations shall be based on gross floor area unless otherwise stated. Gross floor area (gfa) shall mean the total area of all floors, measured between the exterior walls of a building. Gross leasable area (gla) shall mean the total area of all floors intended for occupancy and the exclusive use of tenants, specifically excluding public or common areas such as utility rooms, stairwells, enclosed malls and interior hallways.
3. Fractions. Whenever the computation of the number of parking spaces required by this division results in a fractional parking space, one additional parking space shall be required for one-half or more fractional parking space, and any fractional space less than one-half of a parking space shall not be counted.

Table 8-1
MINIMUM PARKING BY USE

Use	Number of Parking Spaces	Required for Each
RESIDENTIAL		
Single-family residence	2	Dwelling unit (fully enclosed)
Single-family residence in a planned district	2	Dwelling unit (one must be fully enclosed)
Single-family residence — Old Lee's Summit Neighborhood	2	Dwelling unit (one must be fully enclosed)

Two-family, Three-family or Four-family residences	2	Dwelling unit (one must be fully enclosed) Visitor parking per plan approval
Loft dwelling	1	Dwelling unit
Dwelling units above 1st floor commercial in the Downtown Core area	.5	Dwelling unit
Multi-family residence	1 1.5 2 plus 0.5	Efficiency or studio unit 1 or 2 bedroom unit 3 or more bedroom unit per unit for visitor parking
Bed and breakfast — Home stay (max. 3 rooms), rooming house, boarding house	2 1	Residence Room for rent
Bed and breakfast inn (max. 12 rooms)	1 1	Room for rent Employee on maximum shift
Group homes	1.5	Employee on maximum shift
Group living quarters: Fraternity & sorority houses, dormitories, etc.	1	2 residents or beds
Hotel or motel with a restaurant or lounge open to the public	1.5	Room
Hotel or motel with no restaurant or lounge; or with a restaurant or lounge provided for guests only	1	Room
Nursing home/elder care	1 plus 1	2 beds Employee on maximum shift
Retirement community	1 plus 1	Dwelling unit Employee on maximum shift
COMMERCIAL		

Amusement center, recreational attraction, roller skating or ice skating rink	6	1,000 sq. ft. of gfa
Animal services (boarding, grooming and veterinary)	2.5	1,000 sq. ft. of gfa or determined by Director at plan approval
Automobile, truck, recreational vehicle, manufactured home or utility structure sales, equipment sales and service	2 plus 1 3	1,000 sq. ft. of indoor sales area 2,500 sq. ft. of outdoor display Service bay
Bank	4	1,000 sq. ft. of gfa
Banquet facility	1	3 persons based on calculated occupant load as determined by Building Code
Bars and taverns	1 plus 1	Employee on maximum shift 4 seats or building capacity as determined by Building Code
Bowling center	4.5	Lane
Car wash — Automated and self-service	1	Employee on maximum shift
Contractor building supplies, brick or lumber yard (not home improvement center)	2.5	1,000 ft. of indoor sales area
Convenience store, gas station	5	1,000 sq. ft. of gfa
Daycare center	2.5	1,000 sq. ft. of gfa
Funeral home	1 plus 1	3 fixed seats per 30 sq. ft. of assembly area with no fixed seats
Furniture or carpet store	1.5	1,000 sq. ft. of gfa
Golf course or driving range		Determined by Director at plan approval

Grocery store/specialty market (not a supermarket)	4	1,000 sq. ft. of gfa
Health club or fitness center	4.5	1,000 sq. ft. of gfa
Home improvement center/farm supply store	4	1,000 sq. ft. of gfa
Movie theater	1	4 seats
Offices — General and professional (not medical, dental or veterinary)	4	1,000 sq. ft. of gfa
Offices — Medical or dental	5	1,000 sq. ft. of gfa
Outdoor plant nursery, garden center (with or without building)		Determined by Director at plan approval
Outdoor recreational facility		Determined by Director at plan approval
Restaurant — Carry-out, drive-up or drive-through only	2 plus 1	Business Employee on maximum shift
Restaurant — Fast-food and sit-down	14	1,000 sq. ft. of gfa
Retail establishments not otherwise listed	5	1,000 sq. ft. of gfa
Service establishments not otherwise listed	5	1,000 sq. ft. of gfa
Service station, auto repair shop or garage	3	Service bay (each bay may be counted as a parking space)
Shopping centers (excluding pad sites):		
25,000 sq. ft. — 399,999 sq. ft.	5	1,000 sq. ft. of gla
400,000 sq. ft. — 599,999 sq. ft.	4.5	1,000
600,000 sq. ft. +	4	1,000 sq. ft. of gla

Supermarket	5	1,000 sq. ft. of gfa
INDUSTRIAL — INCLUDING STORAGE, WHOLESALE AND MANUFACTURING		
Manufacturing	2.5	1,000 sq. ft. of gfa
Mini-warehouse storage facility	2 1	Facility Employee on maximum shift
Open storage of sand, gravel, petroleum, etc.	1	2,500 sq. ft. of outdoor sales area
Warehouse, including commercial sales to the public	4 plus 1	1,000 sq. ft. of sales or office space 1,000 sq. ft. of storage area
Warehouse, transfer and storage	1	1,000 sq. ft. of gfa
Wholesale, office-warehouse	4 plus 1	1,000 sq. ft. of office space 1,000 sq. ft. of storage area
INSTITUTIONAL AND OTHER		
Auditoriums, churches, theatres, stadiums and other places of assembly	1 1 1	3 seats, or 12 feet of pew, or 30 sq. ft. in the largest assembly room
Civic clubs, museums, fraternal lodges, etc.	5	1,000 sq. ft. of gfa
Hospital	1.8 plus 5	Bed 1,000 sq. ft. of office space
School — College/university (instructional space)	10	Classroom
School — Elementary, junior high school	2	Classroom
School — Senior high school	6	Classroom
School — Technical college, trade school	20	Classroom

Subdivision swimming pool/clubhouse	1 minimum of 6	16 lots in subdivision Pool/clubhouse facility
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Sec. 8.540. - Alternate Parking Plan.

A. A request for approval of an Alternate Parking Plan shall be accompanied by the following information:

1. A parking demand study or other data that establishes the number of spaces required for the specific use. The study or data may reflect parking for the same use existing at a similar location or for similar uses at other locations. Published studies may be utilized to support alternative parking requests.
2. If shared parking is proposed for a mixed use development, the sum of peak parking demands by use category shall be accommodated for day and night hours on weekdays and weekends. The guidelines for shared parking contained in this division may be used in lieu of a separate study.
3. If a remote or off-site parking lot is proposed to meet any portion of the parking required, the site and its current zoning classification must be identified, along with the method to transport parking patrons to the use.
4. If more parking spaces are proposed than would be allowed under the guideline standards of this division, a landscaping plan shall be submitted that illustrates compliance with the parking lot landscaping requirements of Division III of this division.

B. Consideration of plan.

1. Administrative process. The Director may approve an Alternate Parking Plan, including landbanking, as part of a final development plan if the Director determines that the number, configuration, location and landscaping, if applicable, of proposed parking spaces satisfies the demand for parking generated by the proposed development, when viewed in light of all relevant factors.
2. Preliminary development plan process. The City Council may consider an Alternate Parking Plan as part of a preliminary development plan. Consideration of the preliminary development plan shall follow the procedures for approval of preliminary development plan applications as set forth in Article 2.
3. Appeal process. If the Director denies a proposed Alternate Parking Plan, the reason for the denial shall be provided to the owner in writing within 15 days after the date a complete Alternate Parking Plan is submitted to the Director for consideration. The applicant may appeal the decision to the Board of Zoning Adjustments or may apply for a modification through the preliminary development plan process.

C. Approved plan.

1. Following approval by the Director or the City Council, the requirements of the approved Alternate Parking Plan shall be included in any sale, lease, or other transfer of right of occupancy affecting any part of the development.
2. All tenants of the property or development, whether an owner, lessee, subtenant, purchaser, or other occupant, shall comply with the approved Alternate Parking Plan.

Sec. 8.550. - Shared parking guidelines.

Parking facilities may be shared by multiple uses which have different hours of operation or peak periods of parking demand, subject to the following:

- A. The applicant shall submit a shared parking analysis to the Director demonstrating that no significant conflict in the principal hours of operation or periods of peak parking demand for the uses for which shared parking is proposed will exist. It shall address, at a minimum, the size and type of the development, the composition and description of the uses and their operational characteristics, the anticipated rate of parking turnover and the anticipated peak parking and traffic loads for all uses that will be sharing spaces.
- B. The shared parking analysis shall be prepared pursuant to guidelines published by the Urban Land Institute or other generally accepted methodology.
- C. Parking spaces that are proposed to be shared must be clearly available to each use and not appear in any way to be serving a particular use through the use of signage or through design techniques that would tend to orient use of the spaces to a particular use or building.
- D. Shared parking arrangements assuring the continued availability of the number of parking spaces designated for shared use must be evidenced by a written agreement acceptable to the Director, and approved by the owners of each of the affected properties or uses. The approved agreement shall be recorded and a copy supplied to the Director.
- E. Should any of the shared parking uses be changed, or should the Director find that any of the conditions described in the approved shared parking plan or agreement no longer exist, the property owner shall have the option of submitting a revised shared parking study or of providing the number of spaces for each use as if counted separately. If the Planning Director determines that the revised shared parking study or agreement does not satisfy the off-street parking needs of the proposed uses, the shared parking request shall be denied, and no certificates of occupancy shall be issued until the full number of off-street parking spaces is provided.

Sec. 8.560. - Landbanking.

Landbanking is the setting aside of sufficient green space for future parking expansion needs of a particular use or building. Landbanking of future parking spaces may be approved as part of an Alternate Parking Plan by the City Council when approving a preliminary development plan or the Director as part of a final development plan when deemed to be appropriate for the particular development and not in conflict with the best interest of the City. The land area so delineated for future parking shall be brought to finished grade, landscaped and shall not be used for building, storage, loading or other purposes. Upon determination by the Director, City Council or owner that additional parking is needed, the owner shall construct it.

Sec. 8.570. - Queuing requirements for drive-through facilities.

In addition to meeting the off-street parking requirements of this division, drive-through facilities shall meet the following standards:

- A. Required queue spaces. The minimum number of required queue spaces shall be as shown in Table 8-2. Variations from these minimums may be allowed on a case-by-case basis by the Director. The applicant may appeal the decision to the Board of Zoning Adjustments or may apply for a modification through the preliminary development plan process.

Table 8-2
REQUIRED QUEUE SPACES

Use Type	Minimum Spaces	Measured From
Automated teller machine (ATM)	5 (single-lane facility) 3 (multi-lane facility)	ATM

Bank teller lane	5 (single-lane facility) 3 (multi-lane facility)	Window or kiosk
Car wash stall, automated	5	Stall entrance
Car wash stall, self-serve	3	Stall entrance
Dry cleaners	2	Window
Gasoline pump island	2	Pump
Restaurant drive-through	4 Plus 4	Menu board First window
Pharmacy drive-through	5 (single-lane facility) 3 (multi-lane facility)	Window or kiosk
Other	Determined on a case-by-case basis by the Director	

- B. Dimensions. Each queue space shall be a minimum ten feet wide by 20 feet long.
- C. Design. Each queue lane shall be clearly defined and designed so as not to conflict or interfere with other vehicular or pedestrian traffic using the site. Parking lots designed with one-way traffic flow shall have a bypass lane with a minimum width of ten feet or as required by the Fire Code. The bypass lane shall be clearly designated and distinct from the queuing area.

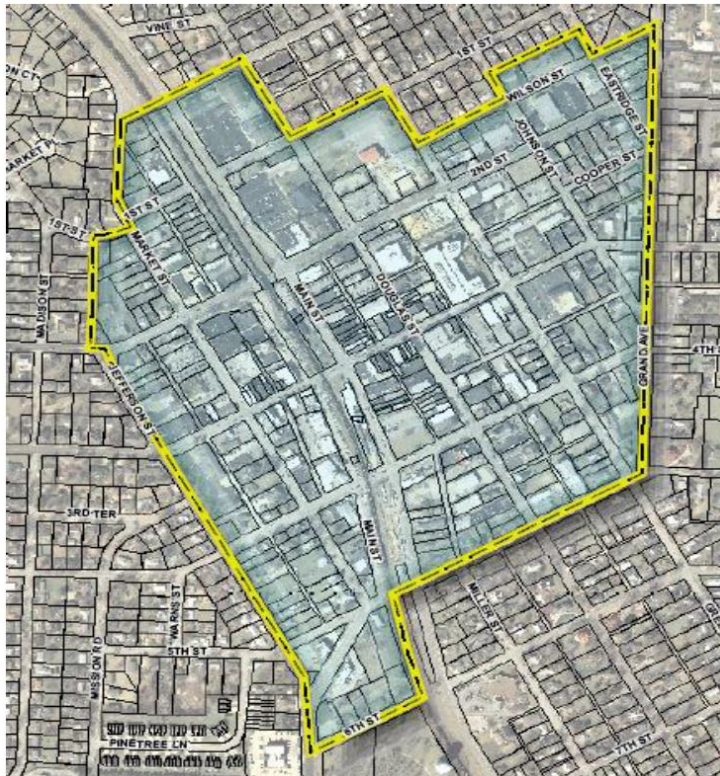
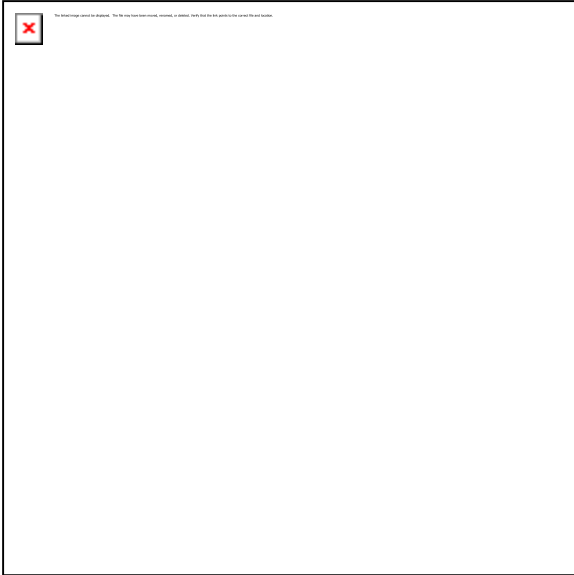
Sec. 8.580. - Accessible parking spaces.

Accessible parking spaces shall be designed and constructed to the standards found in the City's adopted version of the International Building Code.

(Ord. No. 8779, § 1, 12-10-2019)

Sec. 8.590. - Downtown area parking guidelines.

- A. Downtown area defined. For the purposes of this section, "downtown area" shall mean the area loosely bounded by SE 1st Street on the north, SE 5th Street on the south, SW Jefferson Street on the west and SE Grand Street on the east.
- B. Residential uses. Vehicle parking shall be provided in accordance with Table 8-1.



C. Non-residential uses.

1. Vehicle parking.

- a. In the downtown area, the vehicle parking requirements of this division for non-residential uses shall apply only to the net increase in floor area of use intensity created by new construction or building expansion or a substantial change in use. A substantial change in use is defined as a change which results in an increase in the demand for parking by 25 percent or more from the previous use.

- b. The parking requirement calculation for each non-residential use in the downtown area shall be based on the requirements of this division, or five spaces per 1,000 square feet of gross floor area, whichever requires the fewer number of spaces.
- c. Any existing vehicle parking spaces that are eliminated by new construction or expansion must be replaced by that business or use, unless such spaces are in excess of the requirements for that business or use being served, and are in the same ownership.

2. Shared parking district.

- a. The requirements for additional parking may be waived in the downtown area if available public parking is located on the same block or within 300 feet for residential or 500 feet for non-residential uses. This public parking must have sufficient capacity, as calculated by the City Traffic Engineer (or designee), to absorb the required number of spaces and cannot be on the opposite side of the railroad tracks running between SE Main Street and SW Main Street.
- b. Sufficient capacity will be based on a rolling 12-month inventory of public parking spaces in the area. This capacity will be evaluated against the projected demands determined by the City Traffic Engineer (or designee), taking into account time-of-day variations in parking demand as calculated by local data provided by the Urban Land Institute or Institute of Transportation Engineers.

3. Loading zones.

- a. The application process for a curb loading zone shall be subject to the regulations of the Lee's Summit General Code of Ordinances.
- b. The use of curb loading zones shall be subject to the regulations of the Lee's Summit General Code of Ordinances.

Sec. 8.600. - Proximity of parking spaces to use.

- A. On-site parking. Unless otherwise provided under an approved Alternate Parking Plan, all parking spaces required to meet the standards of this division shall be located on the same lot as the use they serve.
- B. Off-site parking. If required parking spaces are not located on the same lot or on a contiguous lot owned or leased by the intended user thereof for the particular use or building they are intended to serve, the following shall apply:
 - 1. The parking spaces must be located on a property that has the same zoning classification as the property that the spaces serve, or a less restrictive zoning classification.
 - 2. No required parking spaces may be located across a major arterial street or any State or US highway from the use they are intended to serve, unless a grade-separated pedestrian walkway connection is provided.
- C. Park and rides. Parking lots intended for park and ride lots shall be approved only by Special Use Permit and shall comply with all setback, landscaping, stormwater detention/retention, and pavement requirements and any other city regulations associated with parking lot improvements.

Sec. 8.610. - Improvement of residential driveways.

- A. Residential driveways shall be constructed of asphaltic concrete, Portland cement concrete or masonry pavers engineered to support the weight of a vehicle. Parking or storage pads adjacent to driveways shall be located in side or rear yards.
- B. Parking on other than asphaltic concrete/Portland cement concrete/masonry paved driveways or pads is expressly prohibited, except for lots of one acre or greater in size zoned AG (agricultural) or RDR (rural density residential).

- C. Driveways on lots of one acre in size or greater zoned AG, RDR, RLL (residential large lot) or R-1 (single-family residential) shall be paved a minimum of 50 feet beginning from the edge of street pavement. The remainder may be gravel or paved.
- D. Where permitted, gravel driveways shall be maintained to meet the following standards:
 1. The surface of the driveway or parking area shall consist of a uniform layer of gravel evenly distributed from edge to edge, and shall be free of bare spots and vegetation.
 2. The depth of the gravel layer shall be an average of two inches and a minimum of one inch.
 3. The material used for a gravel driveway or parking area shall be rock or crushed stone not more than one inch in diameter and shall not contain dirt, sticks, construction debris or other foreign material. Sand, rock powder or other similar material less than one-eighth-inch in diameter is not prohibited, but shall not be included in the measurement of minimum gravel depth.

Sec. 8.620. - Parking lot design.

The provisions of this section apply to all vehicle parking spaces and parking areas, whether the parking meets or exceeds the number of required spaces established in this division.

- A. Head-in parking. Head-in parking from any public right-of-way or private street shall not be permitted, except that the use of head-in parking in the downtown area, as defined in this division, may be considered on a case-by-case basis. Driveways serving single-family, two-family, three-family and four-family residences are exempted from the head-in parking restriction.
- B. Parking setback.
 1. All parking lots shall be set back a minimum 20 feet from any public right-of-way or private street edge of pavement.
 2. Parking lots shall be set back a minimum 20 feet from any residential district or use.
 3. Parking lots shall be set back a minimum six feet from the side and rear property line when not part of shared parking and/or cross access.
- C. Dimensions.
 1. Standard parking space dimensions shall not be less than nine feet wide by 19 feet long.
 2. Where the head of the parking space abuts a six-foot wide sidewalk or curbed landscaped area, the length of the parking space may be reduced by two feet to allow for vehicle overhang. Such overhang shall be measured from the face of the curb.
 3. Parallel parking space dimensions shall not be less than nine feet wide by 23 feet long.
- D. Striping.
 1. All parking spaces shall be clearly demarcated with lines a minimum four inches in width. The width of each parking space shall be measured from the centers of the striping.
 2. Striping shall not incorporate advertising of any kind.
- E. Access and circulation.
 1. Access aisles in parking lots shall have the following dimensions:

Table 8-4
PARKING LOT ACCESS AISLE WIDTH (FT.)

PARKING SPACE ANGLE

	0° (Parallel)	30°	45°	60°	90°	No spaces*
One-way traffic	15	14	16	18	24	10
Two-way traffic	20	20	20	22	24	20

* Refers to access aisles with no parking spaces located on either side.

2. Minimum access aisle widths for parking lots with parking space angles different from those listed in Table 8-4 shall be determined on a case-by-case basis.
3. One-way traffic aisles must be clearly marked with directional arrows on the pavement at each intersection with another aisle.
4. Ingress and egress to parking areas shall be by means of paved driveways from the adjoining street. The minimum width of driveways for ingress and egress shall be the same as those specified above for aisles. Driveway width, for the purpose of this section, shall include only the pavement and not the curb and gutters.
5. The location of all parking area driveways shall conform to the Access Management Code.

F. Improvement of parking and loading areas.

1. Surface.

- a. All vehicle parking areas and access drives shall be improved with one of the following:
 - (1) A minimum four-inch asphaltic concrete base overlaid with a one and one-half-inch asphaltic concrete surface, constructed on a subgrade of six-inch granular base course, over either Geogrid or six-inch stabilized subgrade.
 - (2) A minimum six inches of full depth unreinforced Portland cement concrete constructed on a subgrade of four inches of granular base course.
 - (3) The City Engineer is authorized to consider an alternative design for an asphaltic concrete or Portland cement concrete surface engineered to support the weight of the anticipated loads.
- b. Designated fire lanes, delivery/freight truck access lanes, and loading areas shall be improved with one of the following:
 - (1) A minimum five-inch asphaltic concrete base overlaid with a one and one-half-inch asphaltic concrete surface, constructed on a subgrade of six-inch granular base course, over either Geogrid or six-inch stabilized subgrade.
 - (2) A minimum six inches of full depth unreinforced Portland cement concrete, constructed on a subgrade of four inches of granular base course.
 - (3) The City Engineer is authorized to consider an alternative design for an asphaltic concrete or Portland cement concrete surface engineered to support the weight of the anticipated loads with certification from a geotechnical engineer that what is being proposed is equal to or greater than city standards.

Table 8-5
PARKING LOT PAVING

	Vehicle parking areas & drives	Fire lanes and truck access
Asphalt	Sec. 8.620.F.1.a.(1)	Sec. 8.620.F.1.b.(1)
Asphalt surface course	1.5"	1.5"
Asphalt base course	4"	5"
Subgrade	6" granular base course with Geogrid, or	6" granular base course with Geogrid, or
	6" granular base course with 6" stabilized subgrade	6" granular base course with 6" stabilized subgrade
Concrete	Sec. 8.620.F.1.a.(2)	Sec. 8.620.F.1.b.(2)
Concrete — Full depth	6"	6"
Subgrade	4" granular base course	4" granular base course

- c. Trash enclosure areas shall be improved with a Portland cement concrete pad and a Portland cement concrete approach 30 feet in length, measured from the enclosure opening. The pad and approach shall be improved with a minimum six inches of full depth unreinforced Portland cement concrete constructed on a sub-grade of four inches of granular base course.

2. Curbing.

- a. All vehicle parking lot areas and access drives in all zoning districts shall have a boundary constructed of straight-back Portland cement concrete curbing (CG-1) or an integral Portland cement concrete sidewalk and curb with a vertical face. Driveways serving single-family, two-family, three-family and four-family residences are exempted from the CG-1 curbing requirement. This requirement shall also not apply to accessible parking spaces where the adjacent pedestrian walkway is designed to be at the same grade as the accessible spaces for the purpose of providing access to said walkway.
- b. The use of curb blocks in parking areas shall be prohibited, except at the head of accessible parking spaces when they are adjacent to a pedestrian walkway with no raised curb.

- c. Temporary asphalt curbs may be used in areas to be expanded only as shown and approved on the final development plan.
- d. Storage lots, excluding tow lots, in CS and PI zoned districts may utilize gravel instead of a hard surface pavement provided they are engineered to support the weight of the anticipated loads and provide for a minimum of a 100-foot paved drive measured from the concrete drive approach.

3. Maintenance. See Section 8.520.

4. Time limit. See Section 8.520 — Applicability.

Sec. 8.630. - Driveway approach design (see the City of Lee's Summit Design and Construction Manual).

Sec. 8.640. - Loading.

- A. Required loading spaces shall be determined on a case-by-case basis by the Director through the required approval process.
- B. The dimensions of loading spaces will be determined on a case-by-case basis depending on the requirements of each project, including the length of trucks to be served and configuration of building(s) on the site.
- C. All off-street loading areas shall be screened in accordance with Division III of this article.

Sec. 8.650. - Parking and Storage Regulations for Private Property.

- A. The parking or storage of vehicles shall be in conformance with regulations as provided in the Lee's Summit Code of Ordinances, Chapter 16 Lee's Summit Property Maintenance Code.